A Conquista do Brasil. By Roy Nash. Translated by Moacyr N. Vasconcellos. [Biblioteca Pedagógica Brasileira, Serie 5, Vol. 150.] São Paulo: Companhia Editora Nacional, 1939. Pp. 501.)

One of the most fecund sources of Brazilian material is to be found in the publications of the Companhia Editora Nacional (Rua dos Gusmões, 118-140, São Paulo). In the effort to make available works essential to the student of Brazilian social, economic, and cultural life and history the company has already published over 160 volumes in its Brasiliana series. These works include titles dealing with anthropology, archeology, biography, medicine, politics, law, economics, education, science, geography, folklore, travels, history, geology. Some are reprints of out-of-date classics; some are new works by modern scholars; some are translations of notable foreign books significant to Brazilian life.

The present volume is a translation of Roy Nash's Conquest of Brazil, copyrighted by Harcourt, Brace and Company in 1926. Well known to American scholars interested in the conquest of the vast interior by the meagre manpower available, Nash's work has now been recognized by Brazilians as of sufficient value to warrant translation.
A. K. M.

Getulio Vargas (Esbogo de biografia). By Epitacio Pessôa Cavalcanti de Albuquerque. (Rio de Janeiro: Imprensa Nacional, 1938. Pp. 162.)

General Vargas. By Vargas Netto. (Rio de Janeiro: Imprensa Nacional, 1938. Pp. 57.)
These are two eulogies of the strong man of Brazil. The first, by a young fanatical follower of Vargas, is the more pretentious: it attempts a brief biography from childhood through the revolution. The second, a publication of the National Department of Propaganda, is a literary effusion.
A. K. M.

Sete Anos de Politica Exterior do Brasil (Aspectos Principaes) 1930. 1937. By Jayme de Barros. (Rio de Janeiro: Imprensa Nacional, 1938. Pp. 119.)

The National Department of Propaganda here presents the Brazilian version of the Letitia incident, the Chaco question, and the InterAmerican Peace Conference. The events of these seven years have "augmented the economic power of Brazil, paralleling its growing

